

## Year 9 September 2022 Recall Test Revision

You will need to know these keywords for your recall test.

<b>Keyword</b>	<b>Definition</b>
1 Omnipotent	The belief that God is all-powerful.
2 Omniscient	The belief that God is all-knowing.
3 Omnibenevolent	The belief that God is all-powerful.
4 Transcendent	The belief that God exists outside of time and space.
5 Immanent	The belief that God is involved with his creation and that we can have a personal relationship with him.
6 Rosary	A Catholic form of prayer, using beads. It is a cycle of repeated traditional prayers, while thinking about important events in the lives of Jesus and Mary.
7 Vocation	A calling from God, possibly to a job that helps others or to a particular way of life.
8 Pilgrimage	A journey undertaken, often to a sacred place. To strengthen your faith.
9 Traditional Prayer	Forms of prayer that have been used by generations of believers.
10 Spontaneous Prayer	Prayer that does not have a set structure, where the words are made up on the spur of the moment.
11 Evangelise	Preaching the Good News about Jesus to other people.
12 Incarnation	The belief that Jesus is God 'in flesh'.
13 Sacrament	An outward sign of inward grace e.g. Baptism.
14 Catholic Social Teachings	Catholic instructions on matters of human dignity and achieving the common good in society.
15 Transubstantiation	The process of the bread and wine becoming the body and blood of Christ.
16 Body of Christ	The bread is transformed into Jesus' body and is shared out at communion.
17 Conscience	People's moral sense of right and wrong; Catholics think it is the voice of God.
18 Magisterium	The teaching authority of the Catholic church
19 Natural Moral Law	An unchanging, universal understanding of morality within all human beings.

20 Justice	The quality of being fair and reasonable.
21 Sin	To go against the laws of God.
22 Reform	When criminals change for the better.
23 Death penalty	Being killed for a crime you have committed.
24 Redemption	The act of being saved from sin.
25 Moral evil	Evil and suffering caused by humans.
26 Natural evil	Evil and suffering caused by nature e.g. natural disasters
27 Free will	The gift given to humans from God to be able to make choices.
28 Original Sin	Humans are born with the tendency to turn away from God.
29 Inconsistent Triad	An argument that says that God cannot be omnipotent, omnibenevolent and omniscient because evil exists.
30 Privation	The loss or absence of a quality; according to St Augustine evil is the privation of good.

### Key facts:

1 Christians believe the Bible is the word of God. The Bible is split into two sections; the Old Testament and the New Testament. The New Testament is about the life, suffering, death and resurrection of Jesus.
2 Prayer is the raising of the heart and mind to God. Christians believe we can pray using our own words (spontaneous prayer) or pray using words written by other people (traditional prayer). The Our Father and Hail Mary are examples of traditional prayers.
3 Jesus taught the Beatitudes in the Sermon on the Mount. He said that if we have the attitude then we will be happy and we will be close to God. Each Beatitude begins with 'Happy are those...' An example of a Beatitude is Blessed are the pure in heart.
4 St Augustine taught that evil and suffering are the absence (privation of good).
5 The Pope is the head of the Catholic Church. Catholics believe he has the same authority as St Peter who Jesus chose to be the leader of the Church. This is called Apostolic Succession. The bishops and priests help to spread God's word in different countries.
6 Christians believe that when God created us he gave us knowledge of what is right and wrong. This is called Natural Moral Law. We need the Bible, our conscience and the Church to help to develop our knowledge of what is right and wrong.
7 Some Christians support capital punishment because in the Bible it says 'an eye for an eye' but Pope Francis has said that there should never be any reason to use capital punishment today.

8 Catholics are members of the Body of Christ. This means that Jesus is the head but that we are his body on earth. Catholics should follow Jesus' example and treat others as he did. St Vincent de Paul is an example of how to be a member of the Body of Christ.

9 There are four marks (qualities) of the Catholic Church. The Church is one, holy, catholic and apostolic Church. Catholics say this each week in the Nicene Creed. One means we are united in one belief, holy means God is present, catholic means worldwide and apostolic means the Church comes from the 12 apostles.

10 Many Christians go on pilgrimages to a sacred place. Catholic Christians go on pilgrimage to Lourdes in the South of France. This is where Mary, the mother of Jesus, appeared to Bernadette. Other places Catholics can go on pilgrimage are Walsingham in England, Iona in Scotland, Jerusalem in Israel and Rome in Italy. Going on pilgrimage helps us to strengthen our faith and be with other Catholics who share the same beliefs as us.